

Direct Connections to Liquid Waste Facilities Policy

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Liquid Waste Committee – November 14, 2019

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Background

- GVS&DD has a long-standing practice of only allowing members to apply for a connection to a regional sewer
- Private, or single lot connections have been considered on a case-by-case basis in consultation with municipal members
 - no standard or policy exists for guidance and consistency



Challenges with private lot direct connections

- Risk management
 - backwatering leading to basement flooding
 - sewer gas odours
- Repair complexity
 - high flows and pressure
 - difficulty in temporarily re-directing flows
- Best practice, and broad agreement by REAC, is to ensure that private property connections are made to local sewers
- GVS&DD typically receives 10-15 applications for private direct connection per year

Drivers for policy

- Formalizing the current application process and typical conditions for approval
- Confirming that GVS&DD only accepts applications from member jurisdictions unless otherwise directed by the Board
- Limiting approval of new private direct connections to extenuating circumstances



Policy criteria for private direct connections

- New member requests must include an engineering feasibility report confirming that:
 - there are no other practical alternatives; and,
 - the property is more than 15 m from nearest municipal sewer
- All new private direct connections will be considered temporary, and subject to removal upon construction of a municipal sewer within the adjacent roadway

Consultation

- REAC endorsed the draft policy in July 2019
- RAAC considered the draft policy in July 2019
 - requested that MV staff work with members on some outstanding concerns



Distance criteria

- Four sample municipalities assessed
 - Total number of properties with GVS&DD as closest connection: 401
 - Average connection distance: 113 m
 - Median connection distance: 77 m
 - Maximum connection distance: 670 m

Connection Distance (m)	Included Properties (%)
15	4
25	6
50	27
75	50
100	67
270	90
360	95



QUESTIONS





2019 Unflushables Campaign Results

Larina Lopez

DIVISION MANAGER, CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS

Liquid Waste Committee - November 14, 2019

33265665

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Background

- \$250 million/year problem
- Products incorrectly labelled as "flushable"



Priority unflushables

- Wipes
- Paper towels
- Dental floss
- Hair
- Tampons/applicators
- Condoms
- Medications



Campaign elements

- Washroom posters
- Social media
- Cinema
- Digital advertising
- Outreach
- Unflushables.ca





Media & social media coverage





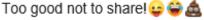




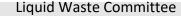
I think the @MetroVancouver Poo & Pee mascot campaign is brilliant. We're all talking about it and, by extension, the message. They must be flush with pride!



Allan Macmillan shared a post. April 30 at 5:31 AM · 🔇







but did anybody actually read the story before

commenting? It's a smart PR move.

Outreach







Outreach





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Additional support





























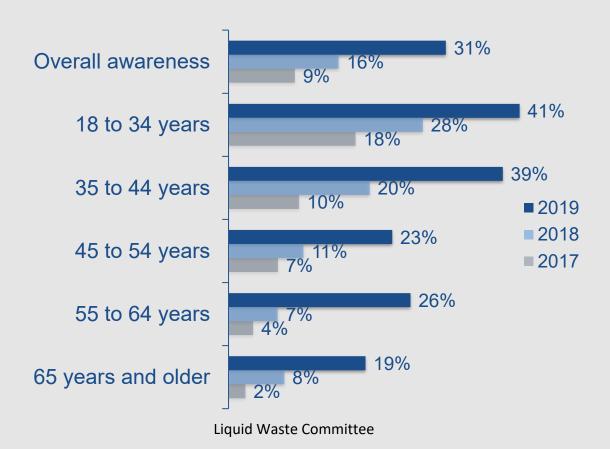




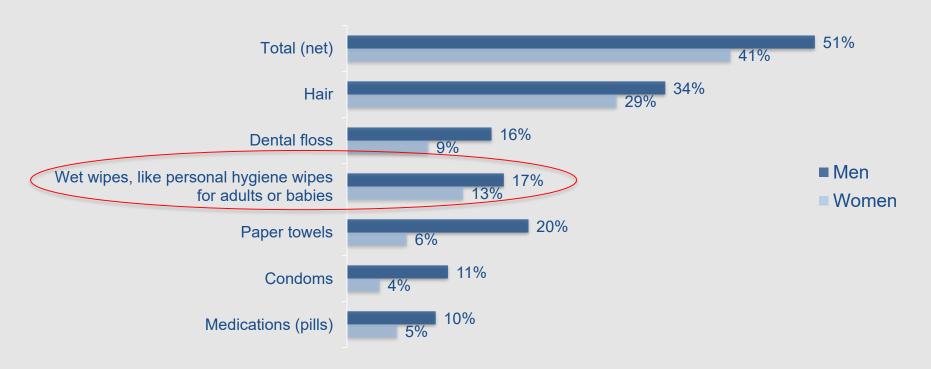




Campaign awareness



What do we flush occasionally?



Steps to defining "flushable"

- Wipes Industry Code of Practice and Guidelines Document
- International Wastewater Industry
 Position Statement
- Wastewater Industry Specification (tests)
- Ryerson Report

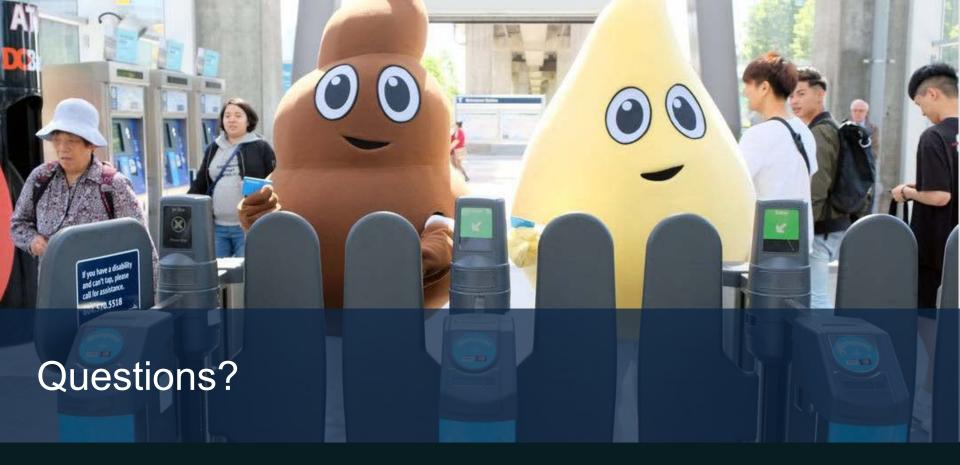


Recent actions

- Petition to Competition Bureau
 - False and misleading advertising
 - August 2019 inquiry started

- National Zero Waste Council's Plastics Advisory Panel
 - Including wipes as priority single use plastic









Tom Sadleir

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT MANAGER
LIQUID WASTE SERVICES
Liquid Waste Committee - November 14, 2019

33327827 Liquid Waste Committee



Why Public Notification?

Drivers

- Public requests for real-time notification
- Amendment to ILWRMP review cycle subject to condition that "real time public notification of overflows and WWTP" interruptions is in place by October 30, 2020
- Metro Vancouver staff working with REAC, RAAC and MOE for the past year

Overflows and Treatment Plant Interruptions

- Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) Interruptions
- Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs)
- Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs)

Current Reporting

- WWTP interruptions, SSOs and dry weather CSOs reported immediately to:
 - Environment Canada (EC), BC MOE, BC Ministry of Agriculture, Health Authorities, affected municipalities
- CSO volumes reported annually to the BC MOE and EC
- All events summarized in ILWRMP Reports posted on MV website
- Liquid Waste Service performance data posted on Metro Vancouver's performance scorecard webpage

Work to date

Data collection and hydrodynamic modeling to identify:

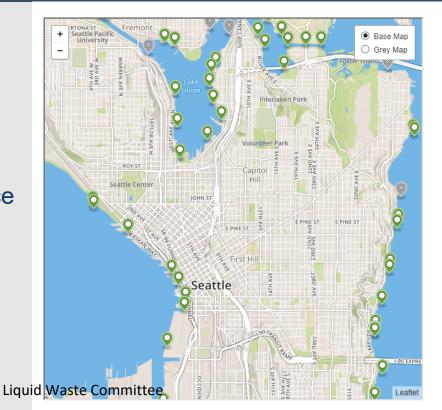
- impacts of SSOs and WWTP interruptions (data generated)
- potentially impacted water users in the areas of these events

Notification Phase 1

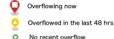
- Potentially impacted water users (approximately 200)
- SSOs (30-80 / year) and WWTP interruptions (5 / year)
- Real-time emails similar to those sent to municipalities and agencies
- Implement Q2 2020

Notification Phase 2

- Potentially impacted water users and public
- SSOs and WWTP process interruptions
- Online real-time event occurrence map
- Implement Q2/Q3 2020



Legend





Health Questions?

Public Health Seattle & King County answers questions about CSOs



206-205-1151

Notification Phase 3

- Develop a system to notify public of CSOs
- Addressing CSOs requires coordinated efforts of MV, member municipalities and government agencies
- Workshop proposed to develop approach with member municipalities, health authorities, BC MOE - 2020

Engagement and Communications

- Create awareness about liquid waste management in the region, sewer overflows and WWTP interruptions and why they happen
- Inform about Metro Vancouver's ongoing work to prevent overflows
- Introduce potentially impacted water users and the public to the notification program

Engagement and Communications

Key Components:

- Phase 1: Information Sessions with potentially impacted water users
- Phase 2: Inform public of real-time occurrence map (via website and social media)
- Phase 3: Workshop with members, health authorities and BC MOE



Questions?

